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## LEBANON AND JORDAN

## Lebanon

- I. Security situation:
  - Beirut appears quiet except for occasional bombings to keep shops closed, thus lend appearance to "general strike."
    - 1. There have been threats in last few days to turn violence against Americans - this sort of thing absent since attacks

on USIS 12 days sec. There is a stalemate.

- Tripoli-Army attempting mopping up operations.
- Bayt ad-Din-Govt forces retreating from Druge led by Kamil Jumblett and ex-dyrian worlf ution Shaqaya-
- Elecwhere -- Border with Syria open infiltrators and arms flowing freely.
- Government may again lose control northeastern region as result new larger-scale Syrian efforts there on 19 May. 2. Baalbek captured by apposition tribes men an al May. Political situation: II.
  - Lines hardening between opposition-especially Moslem leaders and Reached Karame Yafi and Salb Salaam, and government.
    - Moderate "Third Force." chief leaders being Edde brothers who slao have presidential bug, and Reuri Pharaon, attempted to bring about compromise including Shihab as prime minister and Chamoun finishing out term, but not seeking reelection. Chamoun
- Chances has refused compromise but pressure on him is increasing List her here were my
- III. Outside intervention;
  - A. UAR infiltrators and arms from Syria freely cross border.

	2. Pleas to Cairo from Damascus for additional arms conti
	5. Lebanese still undecided on taking case to UN Security
	Council, They have expelled over 2,800 Syrians, many
	them casual laborers from the country. Another 1,200
	have left "voluntarily."
	6. Late development - Syrian Druze leader Atrash has you
IV.	Soviet positions to Lebenon enother case its Interference.
	A. USSR maintains Lebanon another case US interference.

- 1. Soviet position has hardened in direct relation to revelation of US plans to act at Lebanon's request.
- 2. However, Soviet threats still relatively weak.

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- B. Improbable that Moscow will act militarily.
  - 1. Politically Moscow inhibited because Chamoun and cabinet are legal government.
  - 2. There is no "wronged party" on Soviet side to bring its case to the UN.
  - 3. Moscow may be limited to irrelevent blast against US.
    (a) Redin moscow desortery greatest attention to believe evel.
  - 4. Moscow risks exposing itself to charge of interference in Lebenese affairs should it act on behalf of UAR.
  - 5. Monetheless, Moscow will benefit either way on intervention.
    - (a) If intervention then full exploitation of presence of western troops.
    - (b) If no intervention Moscow can claim its threats
      were deterreat against western aggression.

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- V. Key to continuing trouble is hold by VAR.
  - A. Chamoun and security forces could control situation if left alone, but Masir can prolong violence indefinitely by keeping up supplies of arms and infiltrators.

## Jordan

VI. Amman authorities appear to be alert to new UAR-supported instability in Jordan.

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- VII. Meanwhile, Iraqi-Jordaniau Arab Union cabinet formed on 17 May appears to reflect disinclination of both nations to develop effective union government.
  - A. Jordanian strongman Samir Rifai was not placed in union cabinet, allegedly because of Jordan's dissatisfaction with Iraq's coolness toward Union and because he needed in Amman for upcoming security problem.
  - B. This development will reduce ability of pro-Western Arab states to develop effective basis for withstanding Masir's bid for domination of Arab world.

VIII. Sudanese leaders ale fear that if Nasis such in wine in hebaum, the sudan will be next on his list.

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